## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously presented) A method in a computer system for individualizing a heartbeat signal for use as a biometric marker comprising the steps of:

acquiring a plurality of electronic heartbeat signals from an individual in an electronic signal form;

for each electronic heartbeat signal, measuring, a plurality of pre-selected heartbeat waveform features to generate corresponding measurements;

weighting the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features to provide a different statistical weight for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature; and

authenticating an individual based on the weighted pre-selected heartbeat waveform features.

2. (Currently amended) A computer readable storage medium containing instructions for controlling a computer system to perform a method to individualize a heartbeat electronic signal for use in biometric authentication, the method comprising:

acquiring a plurality of electronic heartbeat signals from an individual in an electronic signal form;

for each electronic heartbeat signal, measuring, a plurality of <u>one or more</u> pre-selected heartbeat waveform features to generate corresponding measurements;

weighing the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features to provide a different statistical weight for each of the one or more pre-selected heartbeat waveform features; and authenticating a user using said weighed pre-selected heartbeat waveform features.

- 3. (Currently amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2 where said measurements are made on only one <del>variable</del> heartbeat waveform feature per acquisition.
- 4. (Currently amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2 where said measurements are made on two variables heartbeat waveform features per acquisition.

- 5. (Currently amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2 where said measurements are made on a plurality of variables heartbeat waveform features per acquisition.
- 6. (withdrawn) A method for individualizing heartbeat waveform comprising the steps of:

capturing and recording a number of heartbeat waveforms;

extracting particular univariate and multivariate features from the waveforms;

individualizing measurements of the univariate and bivariate features of the waveform;

calculating probabilities for measurements of the univariate and bivariate features.

7. (withdrawn) The method of claim 6 wherein the step of individualizing further comprises the steps of:

subtracting each univariate measurement from the average value of the univariate measurement to yield a centroid;

dividing each centroid by the standard deviation of the univariate feature to yield a quotient;

determining the probability of the quotient using a distribution calculation; and selecting a threshold minimum probability.

8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

for each electronic heartbeat signal, measuring an additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature to generate a corresponding additional measurement; and

preventing the weighting of the additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature in the statistical analysis.

9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising: individualizing the measurements of the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features; and calculating probabilities for the measurements.

and

10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein individualizing the measurements comprises:

subtracting each corresponding measurement from an average value of the measurements to yield a centroid value for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature,

dividing each centroid value by a standard deviation to yield a quotient value, determining a probability of the quotient value using a distribution calculation, and selecting a threshold minimum probability.

- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein calculating probabilities for the measurements comprises calculating a probability of divergence for each measurement using the quotient value.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein calculating the probability of divergence using the quotient value includes using the quotient value in a T-distribution analysis.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: calculating an average for each of said pre-sclected heartbeat waveform features from said measurements;

subtracting the average from each corresponding measurement to yield a centroid value; calculating a standard deviation for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature;

dividing the corresponding centroid value by the standard deviation for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature; and

calculating a probability of divergence for each measurement corresponding to each preselected heartbeat waveform feature.

14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13 further comprising:

for each electronic heartbeat signal, measuring an additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature to generate a corresponding additional measurement; and

preventing the weighting of the additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature in the statistical analysis.

## 15. (cancelled)

- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features include univariate features of a heartbeat waveform.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features include multivariate features of a heartbeat waveform.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a position of a dicrotic notch.
- 19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a difference between two peak <u>pressure</u> amplitudes.
- 20. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a difference between two peak <u>pressure change</u> rates of changes.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature reflects how far a dicrotic notch is from a zero point.
- 22. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is an up slope of a maximum peak <u>pressure</u>.
- 23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a pre-sclected heartbeat waveform feature is a down slope of a maximum peak <u>pressure</u>.

- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising: establishing a threshold probability value for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature, wherein the threshold value reflects a desired consistency and selectivity.
- 25. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein said method further comprises:

individualizing the measurements of the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features, and calculating probabilities for the measurements.

26. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 25, wherein individualizing the measurements comprises:

for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature, subtracting each corresponding measurement from an average value of the measurements to yield a centroid value, dividing each centroid value by a standard deviation to yield a quotient value, determining a probability of the quotient value using a distribution calculation, and selecting a threshold minimum probability.

- 27. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 26, wherein calculating probabilities for the measurements comprises calculating a probability of divergence for each measurement using the quotient value.
- 28. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 27, wherein calculating the probability of divergence using the quotient value includes using the quotient value in a T-distribution analysis.

29. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein said method further comprises:

calculating an average for each of said prc-sclected heartbeat waveform features from said measurements;

subtracting the average from each corresponding measurement to yield a centroid value; calculating a standard deviation for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature;

dividing the corresponding centroid value by the standard deviation for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature; and

calculating a probability of divergence for each measurement corresponding to each preselected heartbeat waveform feature.

- 30. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein said method further comprises authenticating an individual based on the weighted pre-selected heartbeat waveform features.
- 31. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features include univariate features of a heartbeat waveform.
- 32. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 31, wherein the pre-selected heartbeat waveform features include multivariate features of a heartbeat waveform.
- 33. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a position of a dicrotic notch.
- 34. (Currently amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a difference between two peak <u>pressure</u> amplitudes.

- 35. (Currently amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a difference between two peak <u>pressure change</u> rates of changes.
- 36. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature reflects how far a dicrotic notch is from a zero point.
- 37. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is an up slope of a maximum peak <u>pressure</u>.
- 38. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein a pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature is a down slope of a maximum peak <u>pressure</u>.
- 39. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein said method further comprises:

establishing a threshold probability value for each pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature, wherein the threshold value reflects a desired consistency and selectivity.

40. (Previously presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 2, wherein said method further comprises:

measuring an additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature to generate a corresponding additional measurement for each electronic heartbeat signal; and

preventing the weighting of the additional pre-selected heartbeat waveform feature in the statistical analysis.